

differing in the absence of erect hairs or setæ. The lateral tubercles of the thorax are exactly median, and not at all directed rearward but rather forward, and the thorax is narrowed near the base. The genus has very little in common with *Driopea* (Pascoe), although the species on which it is founded resembles somewhat in markings *D. clytina*.

CLYTOSEMIA PULCHRA, n. sp. (Plate II. fig. 9.)

Nigra, elytris griseis, fascia lata submediana (antice valde obliquata et suturam haud attingenti), macula magna ante apicem alteraque infrahumerali, nigris; antennis testaceo-fulvis. Long. $5\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Nikko.

ACANTHOCINUS STILLATUS, n. sp.

Griseo adpresso-pubescens, elytris guttis numerosis fasciaque postmediana dentata, nigris; antennis nigris, scapo basi griseo, art. 3-11 basi carneo-griseis.

♀ ovipositor segmento ventrali apice integro.

Long. (ovipos. excl.) 9 millim. ♂ ♀.

Chiuzenji; Junsai; Nikko.

CALLAPÆCUS, nov. gen.

Subfam. *Acanthoderinæ* pertinet, antennarum scapo pyriformi. Pro hac subfamilia parvus; oblongus sat convexus. Frons lata et brevis. Oculi grosse granulati. Antennæ graciles, corpore duplo longiores, subtus parcissime setosæ, articulis 3-4 elongatis, cæteribus brevioribus tenuibus, gradatim decrescentibus. Thorax transversus, tuberculis lateralibus validis acutis, alteris duabus dorsalibus. Elytra basi thoracis duplo latiora, apice rotundata, carinis centro-basalibus perparum elevatis. Pro- et mesosterna sat lata arcuata. Femora abrupte clavata.

I know of no genus at all nearly allied to this; it has no *prima facie* resemblance or close affinity to *Acanthoderes*.

CALLAPÆCUS GUTTATUS, n. sp. (Plate II. fig. 1.)

Fusco-niger, griseo adpresso-pubescens, elytris guttis numerosis nigris, antennarum articulis 3-11 basi carneo-griseis; thorace confertim punctulato, elytris paullo grossius, hic illic sublineatim, punctatis, interstitiis nonnullis medio disco perparum elevatis; tibiis dimidio basali carneo-griseo. Long. 8 millim.

Nara.